RSU 54/MSAD 54 ELA Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts Grade: 2

Reading Standards: Foundational Skills (RF)

Foundational Skills: These standards are directed toward fostering students' understanding and working knowledge of concepts of print, the alphabetic principle, and other basic conventions of the English writing system. These foundational skills are not an end in and of themselves; rather they are necessary and important components of an effective, comprehensive reading program designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines. Instruction should be differentiated: good readers will need much less practice with these concepts than struggling readers will. The point is to teach students what they need to learn and not what they already know-to discern when particular children or activities warrant more or less attention.

*MPCL – Maine Partnership in Comprehensive Literacy			
Common Core Standards	RSU 54/MSAD 54 Objectives	Framework/ Resources/Assessments	
Phonics and Word Recognition	Phonics and Word Recognition	MPCL-Framework:	
3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	Suggested Readings: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Pages	Reading WorkshopWriting Workshop	
a. Distinguish long and short vowels when	124-125	Language Study	
reading regularly spelled one-syllable words.	Letter/Sound Relationships	Word Study	
b. Know spelling-sound correspondences for	Recognize and use long and short vowels in words.	• Coaching Model Resources:	
additional common vowel teams.	Recognize and use letter combinations that represent long vowel sounds.	The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell &	
c. Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.	High-Frequency Words	Irene C. Fountas	
d. Decode words with common prefixes and	Write and read 156 high-frequency words automatically.	Phonics Lessons Grade 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas	
suffixes.	Word Structure-Base Words	Timien & Hene O. Founds	
e. Identify words with inconsistent but common	Remove the ending from a base word to make a new word.	Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn	
spelling-sound correspondences.	Prefixes		
f. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.	Recognize and use common prefixes.	Apprenticeship in Literacy. Linda J. Dorn, Cathy French & Tommy Jones	

Guided Reading

Planning for Word Work after Guided Reading

- Recognize a few easy high-frequency words.
- Recognize and make a few easy CVC words.

Fluency

- 4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
- a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.
- b. Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
- c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Fluency

Guided Reading

Text Gradient and Instructional Level Expectations: Levels J-M/N (End of Year Benchmark M/N).

Maintaining Fluency

Suggested Readings: *Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6.* Pages 313, 315-316, and 354-355

- Demonstrate phrased, fluent oral reading.
- Read dialogue with phrasing and expression that reflects understanding of characters and events.
- Demonstrate awareness of the function of the full range of punctuation.
- Demonstrate appropriate stress on words, pausing and phrasing, intonation and use of punctuation.
- Use multiple sources of information (language structure, meaning, fast word recognition) to support fluency and phrasing.
- Use multiple sources of information in a way that supports fluency.
- Read silently and orally at an appropriate rate, not too fast and not too slow.

Adjusting

Organizing For Literacy. DVD. Dorn & Soffos

Assessments:

- AIMS Web Assessment
- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades Prek-2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene Fountas

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Phonics Lessons Grade 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Sing A Song of Poetry. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

The Fluent Reader. Timothy Rasinski

Guided Reading: Good First Teaching for All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

- Slow down to search for information and resume normal pace of reading again.
- Demonstrate different ways of reading fiction and non-fiction texts.
- Demonstrate adjustment of reading for simple biographies.
- Reread to solve words of think about ideas and resume good rate of reading.
- Realize that meaning must be derived from illustrations (usually combined with print) in graphic texts.

Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared Reading. Brenda Parkes

Apprenticeship in Literacy. Linda J. Dorn, Cathy French & Tommy Jones

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

Organizing For Literacy. DVD. Dorn & Soffos

- AIMSweb
- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

Grade: 2

RSU 54/MSAD 54 ELA Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts **Reading Standards for Literature (RL)**

Reading Standards: The following standards offer a focus for instruction each year and help ensure that students gain adequate exposure to a range of texts and tasks. Rigor is also infused through the requirement that students read increasingly complex texts through the grades. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades.

*MPCL – Maine Partnership in Comprehensive Literacy

*MPCL – Maine Partnership in Comprehensive Literacy		
Common Core	RSU 54/MSAD 54	Framework/
Standards	Objectives	Resources/Assessments
Reading Standards for Literature	Reading Standards for Literature	MPCL-Framework:
Reading Standards for Literature Key Ideas and Details 1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. 2. Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral. 3. Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.	 Reading Standards for Literature Key Ideas and Details Interactive Read-Aloud, Shared Reading and Literature Discussion Thinking Within the Text Notice and remember facts, concepts, or ideas from a text. Identify important ideas in a text and report them in an organized way, either orally or in writing. Thinking Beyond the Text Infer characters' feelings and motivations from description, what they do or say, and what others think about them. Oral, Visual, and Technological Communication Ask clear questions for clarification to gain information. Guided Reading Thinking Within the Text 	 MPCL-Framework: Reading Workshop Writing Workshop Language Study Word Study Coaching Model Resources: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades Prek- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas Guided Reading: Good First Teaching For All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas Apprenticeship in Literacy. Linda J Dorn, Cathy French, and Tammy Jones
	• Identify important ideas in a text and report	Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared

them in an organized way, either orally or in writing.

Thinking Within the Text/Summarizing

- Identify important ideas in a text and report them in an organized way, either orally or in writing.
- Demonstrate understandings of character, using evidence from text to support statements.

Selecting Texts Genre/Forms

• Traditional literature (folktales, fables).

Craft and Structure

- 4. Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.
- 5. Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action.

Craft and Structure

Suggested Readings: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Pages 112-113.

Shared and Performance Reading Thinking About the Text

- Notice language that has potential for shared and performance reading.
- Begin to understand the subtle changes in meaning that a writer can convey through

Reading. Brenda Parkes

Reading & Writing In the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke, Ed. D. and V. Susan Bennett-Armistead. Snapshots. Linda Hoyt

Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

Reading for Meaning. Debbie Miller

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

Assessments:

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

*MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Workshop
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

6. Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.

word choice.

• Recognize and identify parts of stories, such as beginning, series of events, and endings

Oral, Visual, Technological Communication Suggested Readings: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Pages 122

Presentation, Ideas and Content

 Recite poems or tell stories with effective use of intonation and word stress to emphasize important ideas, engage listeners' interest, and show character traits. Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guided Reading: Good First Teaching For All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Apprenticeship in Literacy. Linda J Dorn, Cathy French, and Tammy Jones

Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared Reading. Brenda Parkes

Reading & Writing In the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke, Ed. D. and V. Susan Bennett-Armistead

Snapshots. Linda Hoyt. Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

Reading for Meaning. Debbie Miller

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- 7. Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.
- 8. (Not applicable to literature)
- 9. Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Shared and Performance Reading

Thinking Within the Text

• Use details from illustrations to contribute to text interpretation.

Thinking About the Text

• Compare different versions of the same story, rhyme, or traditional tale.

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades Prek- 2). Gay Su Pinnell &Irene C. Fountas

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guided Reading: Good First Teaching For All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Apprenticeship in Literacy. Linda J Dorn, Cathy French, and Tammy Jones. Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared

Reading. Brenda Parkes
Sing A Song of Poetry. Gay Su Pinnell
& Irene C. Fountas

Reading & Writing In the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke, Ed. D. and V. Susan Bennett-Armistead

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Interactive Read-Aloud, Shared Reading and Literature Discussion

Suggested Readings: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades Prek- 2). Pages 110-111

Selecting Texts and Genres/Forms Informational texts

Content

• Some scientific and technical topics.

Text Gradient and Instructional Level Expectations:

Levels J-M/N (End of Year Benchmark Grade 2 M/N)

Suggested Readings: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Pages 127-185

Assessments:

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guided Reading: Good First Teaching For All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared Reading. Brenda Parkes

Reading & Writing Informational Text in the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke

Nonfiction in Focus. Janice V. Kristo and Rosemary Bamford

Reading Standards for Informational Text (RI)

Key Ideas and Details

- 1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
- 2. Identify the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text.
- 3. Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text.

Reading Standards for Informational Text (RI)

Key Ideas and Details

Interactive Read-Aloud, Shared Reading and Literature Discussion

Thinking Within the Text

- Notice and remember facts, concepts, or ideas from a text.
- Notice and remember facts, concepts, or ideas from a text.
- Relate important ideas in the text to each other and to ideas in other texts.

Oral, Visual, and Technological Communication

Extended Discussion

• Ask clear questions for clarification to gain

Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

Nonfiction in Focus. Janice V. Kristo and Rosemary Bamford

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

Assessments:

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guided Reading: Good First Teaching

information.

Guided Reading

Thinking Within the Text

- Identify important ideas in a text and report them in an organized way, either orally or in writing.
- Follow and remember a series of events over a longer text in order to understand the ending.
- Identify important ideas in a text and report them in an organized way, either orally or in writing.

Thinking Beyond the Text Making Connections

• Specify the nature of connections (topic, content, type of story, writer).

Craft and Structure Interactive Read-Aloud, Shared Reading and Literature Discussion

Thinking Within the Text

Recognize and actively work to solve new vocabulary words.

For All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared Reading. Brenda Parkes

Nonfiction in Focus. Janice V. Kristo and Rosemary Bamford

Reading & Writing Informational Text In the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke, Ed. D. and V. Susan Bennett-Armistead

Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

Assessments:

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study

Craft and Structure

- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area.
- 5. Know and use various text features (e.g.,

captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.

6. Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.

Guided Reading

Thinking Within the Text

- Connect words that mean the same or almost the same to help in understanding a text and acquiring new vocabulary.
- Use the context of a sentence, paragraph, or whole text to determine the meaning of a word.

Guided Reading

Searching for and Using Information

- Search for information in graphics (simple diagrams, illustrations with labels, maps, charts, captions under pictures).
- Use readers' tools (table of contents, headings, glossary, chapter titles and author's notes) to gather information.

Thinking About the Text

• Identify the author's explicitly stated purpose.

• Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Guided Reading: Good First Teaching For All Children. Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Read It Again!: Revisiting Shared Reading. Brenda Parkes

Reading & Writing Informational Text in the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke

Nonfiction in Focus. Janice V. Kristo and Rosemary Bamford

Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing

Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- 7. Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.
- 8. Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.
- 9. Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Interactive Read-Aloud, Shared Reading and Literature Discussion

Thinking About the Text

- Talk about the connections between the illustrations and the text.
- Recognize how the writer has placed ideas in the text and in the graphics.

Interactive Read-Aloud and Literature Discussion

Thinking Beyond the Text

 Support Thinking Beyond the Text with specific evidence based on personal experience or knowledge or evidence from the text.

Thinking Within the Text

• Relate important ideas in the text to each other and to ideas in other texts.

Oral, Visual, and Technological Communication

Listening and Understanding

Guided Reading

Thinking Within the Text

- Connect words that mean the same or almost the same to help in understanding a text and acquiring new vocabulary.
- Use the context of a sentence, paragraph, or whole text to determine the meaning of a word.

Searching for and Using Information

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Reading & Writing Informational Text in the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke

Nonfiction in Focus. Janice V. Kristo and Rosemary Bamford

Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn

- Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

- Search for information in graphics (simple diagrams, illustrations with labels, maps, charts, captions under pictures).
- Use readers' tools (table of contents, headings, glossary, chapter titles and author's notes) to gather information.

Thinking About the Text

• Identify the author's explicitly stated purpose.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Oral, Visual, and Technological Communication

Listening and Understanding

• Understand and interpret information presented in visual media.

Content

• Provide reasons and argue for a point, using evidence.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Interactive Read-Aloud, Shared Reading and Literature Discussion

Selecting Texts Genres/Forms

• Informational texts *Content*

• Some scientific and technical topics

Guided Reading Text Gradient and Instructional Level

Expectations:

J-M/N (End of Year Benchmark Grade 2

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Gay Su Pinnell & Irene C. Fountas

Reading & Writing Informational Text in the Primary Grades. Nell K. Duke

Nonfiction in Focus. Janice V. Kristo and Rosemary Bamford

Teaching for Deep Comprehension Linda Dorn & Carla Soffos

Teaching For Comprehension in Reading Grade K- 2. Gay Su Pinnell & Patricia L. Scharer

M/N) Suggested Readings: The Continuum of Literacy Learning (Grades PreK- 2). Pages 127-185	Shaping Literate Minds: Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Linda Dorn Assessments: • Fountas & Pinnell Benchmark Assessment System • Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide
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Grade: 2

RSU 54/MSAD 54 ELA Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts

Writing Standards (W)

Writing Standards: The following standards for K-5 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. Each year in their writing, students should demonstrate increasing sophistication in all aspects of language use, from vocabulary and syntax to the development and organization of ideas, and they should address increasingly demanding content and sources. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understanding mastered in preceding grades. The expected growth in student writing ability is reflected both in the standards themselves and in the collection of annotated student writing samples in Appendix C.

Common Core Standards	RSU 54/MSAD 54 Objectives	Framework/ Resources/Assessments
Text Types and Purposes 1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section. 2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. 3. Write narratives in which they recount a well-belaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.	Text Types and Purposes Writing about Reading Thinking About the Text • Write opinions about a text and back them up with specific information or reasons. Writing Craft Organization Presentation of Ideas • Bring a piece to closure through an ending or summary statement. Selecting Purpose and Genre Informational • Write pieces of writing that are interesting and enjoyable to read. • Write about a topic keeping the audience and their interests and knowledge in mind. • Provide interesting details around a topic.	MPCL-Framework: • Reading Workshop • Writing Workshop • Language Study • Word Study • Coaching Model Resources: The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell Units of Study Primary Writing K-2. Calkins Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi

Selecting Purpose and Genre Narrative

- Write an engaging beginning and a satisfying ending to stories.
- Tell details about the most important moments in a story or experience while eliminating unimportant details.

Craft
Organization
Text Structure

• Write a text that is narrative ordered by time.

Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

Assessments:

- Benchmark Assessment System. Fountas & Pinnell
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

Production and Distribution of Writing

- 4. (Begins in grade 3)
- 5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.
- 6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

Production and Distribution of Writing Writing

Writing Process
Drafting/Revising
Understanding the process

- Understand the role of the writing conference in helping writers.
- Understand that other writers can be helpful in the process.
- Change writing in response to peer or teacher feedback.

Conventions

Handwriting/Word-Processing

- Begin to develop efficient keyboarding skills.
- Use word-processor to plan, draft, revise and edit, and publish documents.

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell

Units of Study Primary Writing K-2. Calkins

Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi

Apprenticeship in Literacy;

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- 7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
- 8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
- 9.(Begins in grade 4)

Research to Build and Present Knowledge Writing

Selecting Purpose and Genre Functional

 Understand procedural writing (how-to) as a list of sequential directions for how to do something and lists of what is needed.

Writing Process
Oral Language

• Generate and expand ideas through talk with peers and teacher.

Gathering Seeds,/Resources/Experimenting with Writing

• Gather information for writing.

Craft

Presentation

Tell about experiences or topics the way one would talk about them to others.

Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

Assessments:

• Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell

Units of Study Primary Writing K-2. Calkins

Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi

Apprenticeship in Literacy; Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

Assessments: Benchmark Assessment System. Fountas & Pinnell Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

Grade: 2

RSU 54/MSAD 54 ELA Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts Speaking and Listening Standards (SL)

Speaking and Listening Standards: The following standards for K-5 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades.

*MPCL – Maine Partnership in Comprehensive Literacy

Common Core	RSU 54/MSAD 54	Framework/
Standards	Objectives	Resources/Assessments
Comprehension and Collaboration	Comprehension and Collaboration	MPCL-Framework:
1. Participate in collaborative conversations	Oral, Visual, and Technological	 Reading Workshop
with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and	Communication	Writing Workshop
texts with peers and adults in small and larger	Speaking and Listening	Language Study
groups.	Social Interaction	Word Study
a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways,	Speak at an appropriate volume-not too loud but loud enough to be heard and understood by others.	Coaching Model
listening to others with care, speaking one at a		Resources:
time about the topics and texts under	• Enter a conversation appropriately.	The Continuum of Literacy Learning.
discussion).	Engage in turn-taking of conversation.	PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell
b. Build on others' talk in conversations by	Use appropriate ways of getting a turn.	Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell
linking their comments to the remarks of others.	Extended Discussion	
c. Ask for clarification and further explanation	• Listen to and build on the talk of others.	<i>Units of Study Primary Writing K-2.</i> Calkins
as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.	Ask questions for clarification to gain information.	Writing Workshop: The Essential
2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from	Participate actively in whole-class and small-group discussions.	Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi
a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	Form clear questions to gain information.	Apprenticeship in Literacy; Transitions Across Reading and
	• Use grade level-appropriate specific vocabulary when talking about texts (title,	Writing. Dorn & Soffos

3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.

author).

• Ask clear questions during small-group and whole-class discussions.

Speaking and Listening
Listening and Understanding

- Listen with attention and understanding to oral reading of stories, poems and informational texts.
- Listen attentively to presentations by the teacher and fellow students and be able identify the main idea.

Interactive Read-Aloud and Literature Discussion

Thinking Within the Text

 Self-monitor understanding and ask questions when meaning is lost or understanding is interrupted.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Oral, Visual, and Technological Communication

Speaking and Listening

- Content
- Explain and describe people, events, and objects.
- Describe similarities and differences between people, places, events and objects.
- Predict and recall stories or events.

Social Interaction

Speak at an appropriate volume-not too

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

Shaping Literate Minds Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Dorn. Teaching for Deep Comprehension: A Reading Workshop Approach. Dorn

Read it Again! Revisiting Shared Reading. Parkes

Assessments:

- Benchmark Assessment System. Fountas & Pinnell
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- 4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- 5. Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
- 6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. (See grade 2 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 26 and 27 for specific expectations.)

loud but loud enough to be heard and understood by others.

Presentation

Media

- Use visual displays as appropriate (diagrams, charts, illustrations).
- Use illustrations as appropriate to communicate meaning.
- Identify and acknowledge sources of information included in oral presentations.

Presentation

Voice

- Show enthusiasm when speaking about a topic.
- Show confidence when presenting.
- Tell stories in a interesting way.

Conventions

- Speak at an appropriate volume to be heard when addressing large and small groups.
- Enunciate words clearly.

Word Choice

 Use language appropriate to oral presentation words (rather than literary language or slang). *Units of Study Primary Writing K-2.* Calkins

Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi

Apprenticeship in Literacy; Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

Shaping Literate Minds Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Dorn

Teaching for Deep Comprehension: A Reading Workshop Approach. Dorn

Read it Again! Revisiting Shared Reading. Parkes

Grade: 2

RSU 54/MSAD 54 ELA Curriculum

Content Area: English Language Arts

Language Standards (L)

<u>Language Standards</u>: The following standards for grades K-5 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades. Beginning in grade 3, skills and understanding that are particularly likely to require continued attention in higher grades as they are applied to increasingly sophisticated writing and speaking are marked with an asterisk (*). See table on page 30 for a complete list and Appendix A for an example of how these skills develop in sophistication.

*MPCL - Maine Partnership in Comprehensive Literacy

Common Core	RSU 54/MSAD 54	Framework
Standards	Objectives	Resources/Assessments
Conventions of Standard English	Conventions of Standard English	MPCL-Framework:
1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of	Phonics, Spelling, and Word Study	 Reading Workshop
standard English grammar and usage when	Word Structure	Writing Workshop
writing or speaking.	Plurals	Language Study
77 11 1	Understand the concept of plurals and	Word Study
a. Use collective nouns (e.g., group).	plural forms: adding –s; adding –es; changing spelling.	 Coaching Model
b. Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish).	 Verb Endings Recognize and form present and past tense by using endings; form present participle 	Resources: The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell
c. Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).d. Form and use the past tense of frequently	 by adding -ing; make a verb past tense. Recognize and use endings -er to a verb to make a noun, -er to a verb that ends with a short vowel and a consonant, -r to a verb 	Phonics Lessons: Letters, Words, and How They Work. Grade 2. Fountas & Pinnell
occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told).	that ends in silent r, -er to a verb ending in y.	Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell
e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose		
between them depending on what is to be	Writing	Units of Study Primary Writing K-2.
modified.	Conventions	Calkins

- f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).
- 2.Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.
- b. Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.
- c. Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.
- d. Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage \rightarrow badge; boy \rightarrow boil).
- e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.

Knowledge of Language

- 3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- a. Compare formal and informal uses of

Grammar

- Write complete sentences.
- Use a range of complete sentences (declarative, interrogative, exclamatory).

Conventions Capitalization

- Use capital letters appropriately to capitalize days, months, cities, states.
- Use capitals for names of people and places.

Punctuation

- Use apostrophes in contractions and possessives.
- Use commas to identify a series.

Spelling

• Use knowledge of phonogram patterns to generate multisyllabic words.

Knowledge of Language Oral, Visual, and Technological

Communication
Presentation
Conventions

Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi

Apprenticeship in Literacy; Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

Shaping Literate Minds Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Dorn

Teaching for Deep Comprehension: A Reading Workshop Approach. Dorn

Read it Again! Revisiting Shared Reading. Parkes

Assessments:

- Benchmark Assessment System. Fountas & Pinnell
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study

English.	Vary language according to purpose.	Coaching Model
	 Word Choice Use words that describe. Use language appropriate to oral presentation words (rather than literary language or slang). Use content-specific words when needed to explain a topic. 	Resources: The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell Phonics Lessons: Letters, Words, and How They Work. Grade 2. Fountas & Pinnell Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell Units of Study Primary Writing K-2. Calkins Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi Apprenticeship in Literacy; Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner Shaping Literate Minds Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Dorn Teaching for Deep Comprehension: A Reading Workshop Approach. Dorn Read it Again! Revisiting Shared Reading. Parkes Assessments:
2012		

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
- a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).
- c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).
- d. Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark).
- e. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.
- 5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
- a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Interactive Read-Aloud and Literature Discussion

Thinking Within the Text

- Recognize new meanings for known words by using context.
- Recognize and actively work to solve new vocabulary words.

Phonics, Spelling and Word Study

Word Structure

Base Words

• Remove the ending from a base word to make a new word.

Prefixes

• Recognize and use common prefixes.

Word Solving Actions

- Use parts of compound words to solve a word and derive them meaning.
- Recognize base words.

Word Meaning

• Recognize and use words with multiple meanings.

Oral, Visual, and Technological Communication

Presentation

- Benchmark Assessment System. Fountas & Pinnell
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide

MPCL-Framework:

- Reading Workshop
- Writing Workshop
- Language Study
- Word Study
- Coaching Model

Resources:

The Continuum of Literacy Learning. PreK-2. Fountas & Pinnell

Phonics Lessons: Letters, Words, and How They Work. Grade 2. Fountas & Pinnell

Guiding Readers and Writers 3-6. Fountas & Pinnell

Units of Study Primary Writing K-2. Calkins

Writing Workshop: The Essential Guide. Fletcher & Portalupi

Apprenticeship in Literacy; Transitions Across Reading and Writing. Dorn & Soffos

Notebook Know-How: Strategies for the Writer's Notebook. Buckner

or juicy).

- b. Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).
- 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).

Word Choice

- Use language from stories and informational texts when retelling stories or making a report.
- Use words that describe (adjectives and adverbs).
- Use language appropriate to oral presentation words (rather than literary language or slang).
- Use content-specific words when needed to explain a topic.

Writing about Reading

Thinking About the Text

• Notice and sometimes use interesting language from a text.

Shaping Literate Minds Developing Self-Regulated Learners. Dorn

Teaching for Deep Comprehension: A Reading Workshop Approach. Dorn

Read it Again! Revisiting Shared Reading. Parkes

- Benchmark Assessment System. Fountas & Pinnell
- Grade 2 Writing Proficiency Guide